هوشنگ نايبي (استاديار گروه جامعهشناسي دانشگاه تهران <u>Hnayebi@ut.ac.ir</u>) عليرضا دهقان (استاديار گروه ارتباطات دانشگاه تهران <u>adehghan@ut.ac.ir)</u> سعيد معيدفر (دانشيار گروه جامعهشناسي دانشگاه تهران <u>Smoidfar@ut.ac.ir</u>)

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	(3)	(2)	(1)	
28867	18336	6761	3770	
100/0%	63/5%	23/4%	13/1%	

2/50 =

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1/46	1/42	1/09	1/46	1/45	1/51	2/50	
25604	26121	25441	26050	26120	26389	27535	

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2/40

						3	
1/07	1/10	1/06	1/35	1/34	1/50	2/40	
12961	13383	13265	13484	13544	13740	14363	
1/84	1/73	1/12	1/57	1/56	1/52	2/61	
11846	11941	11417	11796	11810	11863	12352	
2/15	2/16	1/18	1/60	1/67	1/67	2/66	
797	797	759	770	766	786	820	
1/46	1/42	1/09	1/46	1/45	1/51	2/50	
25604	26121	25441	26050	26120	26389	27535	
5949/28	4585/81	125/897	341/975	371/598	23/690	324/480	F
2	-303/01	2	2	2	23/090	2	df
0/000	0/000	0/000	0/000	0/000	0/000	0/000	Sig

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( 59/7) ( 60/6)

				4
43/2%	59/7%	46/2%	39/4%	
56/8%	40/3%	53/8%	60/6%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
23923	762	11202	11959	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		2		197/864

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83/1

91/2) .

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	1	1		
84/2%	91/2%	83/8%	83/1%	
15/8%	8/8%	16/2%	16/9%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
9246	613	6937	1696	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		2		24/798

(1384)

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65/2 :

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63/1%	65/2%	60/5%	57/6%	
21/9%	21/0%	23/2%	23/8%	
15/0%	13/7%	16/3%	18/6%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
28822	18310	6751	3761	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		4		116/056

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73/6%	74/3%	73/3%	71/0%	
17/7%	17/8%	17/0%	18/6%	
5/4%	4/8%	6/3%	6/6%	
3/3%	3/1%	3/4%	3/8%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
28661	18216	6703	3742	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		6		48/495

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		1		
34/3%	33/7%	35/0%	36/5%	
4/6%	4/5%	4/5%	5/6%	
61/0%	61/8%	60/4%	57/9%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	

28757	18275	6726	3756	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		4		25/586

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51/1

55/6

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				9
54/7%	55/6%	54/2%	51/1%	
22/8%	22/3%	23/1%	25/0%	
22/5%	22/1%	22/7%	23/9%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
28458	18092	6670	3696	
Sig	(	df	Chi	Square
0/000	4	1	26,	/385

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62/9%	69/4%	68/3%	57/9%	
22/0%	22/9%	20/4%	23/3%	
15/1%	7/7%	11/3%	18/8%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
27864	827	12473	14564	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		4		424/475

73/5%	76/5%	76/4%	70/7%
17/9%	16/8%	16/0%	19/6%
5/4%	3/8%	4/2%	6/6%
3/2%	2/9%	3/4%	3/1%
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%
27716	825	12404	14487
Sig		df	
0/000		6	

34/1%	23/0%	31/5%	36/9%	
4/7%	1/9%	4/4%	5/1%	
61/2%	75/1%	64/1%	57/9%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
27797	826	12441	14530	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		4		177/661

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54/7%	63/8%	58/1%	51/2%	
22/9%	20/5%	21/3%	24/3%	
22/4%	15/7%	20/6%	24/4%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
27521	821	12345	14355	
Sig	(	df	Chi	-Square
0/000	4	1	160	)/303

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			:	
69/2%	70/1%	65/9%	70/8%	
23/1%	21/6%	28/6%	20/8%	
7/7%	8/3%	5/5%	8/3%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
819	589	182	48	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/297		4		4/911

Chi-Square df 4 25/842

63/3% 23/1% 13/6%

. 100/0%

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58/0%	59/9%	55/6%	55/0%	
23/3%	22/4%	24/8%	24/0%	
18/7%	17/7%	19/6%	21/0%	
100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	100/0%	
14339	8236	3612	2491	
Sig		df		Chi-Square
0/000		4		31/712

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68/3%

20/4%

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. 100/0%

Sig 0/000

12337

69/6%

19/8%

10/6%

100/0%

8598

66/2%

21/2% 12/7%

100/0%

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59/9%	55/6%	55/0%	
22/40/	24/00/	24/00/	

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#### Education, mass media and information

**Hooshang Nayebi** (Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, University of Tehran <u>Hnayebi@ut.ac.ir</u>)

Alireza Dehghan (Assistant Professor, Department of Communication, University of Tehran adehghan@ut.ac.ir)

Said Moidfar (Assistant Professor, Department of Sociology, University of Tehran Smoidfar@ut.ac.ir)

#### Abstract

The aim of this paper is to address the following question: Can the usage of mass media, particularly the usage of television which is an easily accessible medium, close the gap between high and low social-economic status groups based on the theory of information gap? According to this theory, the member of upper stratum gain the information transmitted through the mass media rapidly than the lower stratum and thus the gap between those who are rich and those who are poor in information widens. This is a question which has not been addressed in Iran before. Thus to answer this question, we have drawn some testable hypothesis from the mentioned theory and test them by using of the data gathered in a large-scale national survey.

Keywords: information gap, mass media, television, Education, social-economic status.