

\*

$$( \quad / \quad , \quad / \quad / \quad )$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \Psi^T M \ddot{\Psi}(t) + \Psi^T C \dot{\Psi}(t) + \Psi^T K \Psi(t) = \Psi^T F(t) \\
& Y(0) = \Psi^T M U_0; \dot{Y}(0) = \Psi^T M \dot{U}_0 \\
& M^* \ddot{Y}(t) + C^* \dot{Y}(t) + K^* Y(t) = F^*(t) \\
& M^* = \Psi^T M \Psi, C^* = \Psi^T C \Psi, K^* = \Psi^T K \Psi
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{matrix} K^* & C^* \\ M^* \end{matrix} \quad U_{n \times 1}(t) = \Psi_{n \times m} Y_{m \times 1}(t) \quad ( )$$



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$$\Psi_{n \times m} = [\psi_1, \psi_2, \dots, \psi_m]_{n \times m}$$

$$\dot{e}_i = -\frac{\tau}{2} P K e_{i-1} + \dot{e}_{i-1} + V \Delta \ddot{U}_{i-1} - \frac{\tau}{2} P K e_i$$

⋮

$$V, P, P'$$

m

$$P = \Psi \Psi^T, P' = \Psi \Psi^T M = PM, V = 1 - P'$$

m

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$$U_i = P'U_i + VU_i$$

$$MU_i = MU_{i-1} + \tau M\dot{U}_{i-1} + \frac{\tau^2}{4} M\ddot{U}_i \quad ( )$$

$$P'U_i = \overline{U}_i + P'e_i$$

$$+\frac{\tau^2}{4}\left(-C\dot{U}_{i-1}-KU_{i-1}+F_{i-1}\right) \\ \quad (\quad)$$

$$e_i = V e_i + P' e_i \quad ( )$$

$$V_{\mathcal{C}} = VU$$

$$(\cdot) = (\cdot)$$

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$e_0)$  : [ ]

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$$P'e_i = -\frac{\tau^2}{4} PKe_i + \left( P' - \frac{\tau^2}{4} PK \right) e_{i-1} \\ + \tau P' \dot{e}_{i-1} - \frac{\tau^2}{4} PC(\dot{e}_i + \dot{e}_{i-1}) \quad ( )$$

$$+ \frac{\tau^2}{4} \left( -\tilde{C} \dot{Y}_{i-1} - \tilde{K} Y_{i-1} + \tilde{F}_{i-1} \right) \\ \vdots \qquad \qquad \qquad ( ) \\ MU_i - \Psi Y_i = (M - I)U_i + e_i \qquad ( )$$

$$P'e_i = -\frac{\tau^2}{4} PK \left[ e_i + 4 \sum_{k=1}^i k e_{i-k} - (2i+1) e_0 \right] \quad ( )$$

$$MU_i - \Psi Y_i = (M - I)U_i + e_i \quad (\quad)$$

$$R_2 \quad R_1 \\ e_{l2} \quad e_{l1}$$

$$\left( I + \frac{\tau^2}{4} PK \right) e_i = VU_i + \left( P' - \frac{\tau^2}{4} PK \right) e_{i-1} \\ - \frac{\tau^2}{4} PC \dot{e}_i + \left( \tau P' - \frac{\tau^2}{4} PC \right) \dot{e}_{i-1} \quad ( )$$



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$$\begin{aligned}
& \cdot [ \quad , \quad ] \\
& \left[ \begin{array}{c} \bar{u}_1 \\ \bar{u}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \bar{u}_m \end{array} \right] = \left[ \begin{array}{c} \bar{u}_{11} \\ \bar{u}_{12} \\ \vdots \\ \bar{u}_{1m} \end{array} \right] + \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & K_{12}^{nl1} & K_{13}^{nl1} & \cdots & K_{1m}^{nl1} \\ K_{21}^{nl2} & 0 & K_{23}^{nl2} & \cdots & K_{2m}^{nl2} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ K_{m1}^{nlm} & K_{m2}^{nlm} & K_{m3}^{nlm} & \cdots & 0 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} \bar{u}_1 \\ \bar{u}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \bar{u}_m \end{array} \right] \\
& -1 < \Lambda < I \quad ( ) \\
& : [ \quad ] \\
& (1 - \Lambda) \bar{U}_1^{(n)} = \bar{\bar{U}}_1 + \bar{\Lambda} \bar{U}_0 \\
& -1 < \Lambda < 1 \\
& : (\rho(\Lambda) < 1) \quad \Lambda \\
& \rho(\Lambda) = \max |\lambda_i|, i=1, 2, \dots, n \quad ( ) \\
& : \quad \quad \quad \Lambda \\
& \Lambda = \tilde{\Phi}^{-1} \Delta \tilde{\Phi} \quad ( ) \\
& \Lambda^n = \tilde{\Phi}^{-1} \Delta^n \tilde{\Phi} \quad ( ) \\
& \quad \quad \quad \tilde{\Phi} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \Delta \\
& \rho(\Lambda) < 1 : n \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow \Delta^n \rightarrow 0 \quad ( ) \\
& \quad \quad \quad ( ) \\
& \quad \quad \quad ( ) \\
& : [ \quad ] \quad \sigma_n \\
& \sigma_n = (I - \Lambda)[(I + \Lambda + \Lambda^2 + \dots + \Lambda^{n-1}) \\
& (\Lambda \bar{\bar{U}}_1 + \bar{\Lambda} \bar{U}_0) + \bar{\bar{U}}_1] - [\bar{\bar{U}}_1 + \bar{\Lambda} \bar{U}_0] \quad ( ) \\
& : \quad \quad \quad \bar{\bar{U}}_1 \\
& \sigma_n = -\Lambda^n \left( \Lambda \bar{\bar{U}}_1 + \bar{\Lambda} \bar{U}_0 \right) \quad ( ) \\
& : [ \quad ] \\
& \sigma_n = -\tilde{\Phi}^{-1} \Delta^n \tilde{\Phi} \left( \Lambda \bar{\bar{U}}_1 + \bar{\Lambda} \bar{U}_0 \right) \quad ( ) \\
& (\rho(\Lambda) < 1) \\
& : \quad \quad \quad \bar{U}_1 \\
& n \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow \Delta^n \rightarrow 0 \quad ( ) \\
& \Rightarrow \sigma_n \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \bar{U}_1^{(n)} \rightarrow \bar{U}_1 \quad [ \quad ] \\
& \quad \quad \quad \rho(\Lambda)
\end{aligned}$$


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$$f'_c = 20 \text{ (MPa)}$$

$$f_y = 240 \text{ (MPa)}$$

**STORY 1 TO 5**

$$\begin{cases} \text{column:} \\ 700 \times 700 \text{ (mm}^2\text{)} \end{cases}$$

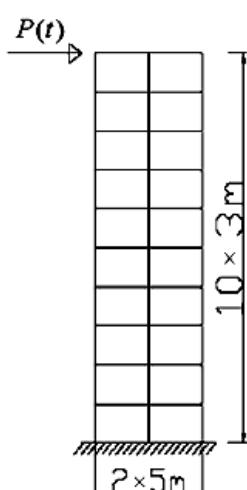
$$\begin{cases} \text{beam:} \\ 300 \times 700 \text{ (mm}^2\text{)} \end{cases}$$

**STORY 6 TO 10**

$$\begin{cases} \text{column:} \\ 600 \times 600 \text{ (mm}^2\text{)} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{beam:} \\ 300 \times 500 \text{ (mm}^2\text{)} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(t) [N] &= \\ &50 \times 10^4 (\sin 4t + \cos 6t) \end{aligned}$$



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$$\tilde{\Pi}_0 = \frac{1}{2} \bar{Y}_i^T \tilde{K}_0 \bar{Y}_i \quad ( )$$

$$\tilde{\Pi}_i = \frac{1}{2} \bar{Y}_i^T \tilde{K}_i \bar{Y}_i \quad ( )$$

$\tilde{\Pi}_0$

$\tilde{\Pi}_i$

$\tilde{K}_0$  ( -i )

$\tilde{K}_i$

$\bar{Y}_i$  ( -i )

( i )

$\epsilon_i$

$$Abs\left(1 - \frac{\tilde{\Pi}_0}{\tilde{\Pi}_i}\right) = \epsilon_i \quad ( )$$

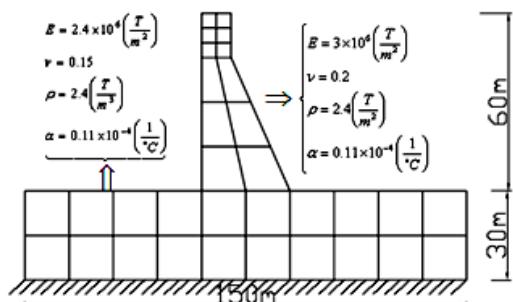
$\epsilon_i$

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FORTRAN

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N

$$\varepsilon_f = \frac{|f^T e_f|}{f^T f_m} \quad ( )$$

$$f_m = \sum_{i=1}^m (f^T M \psi_i) \psi_i \quad ( )$$

$$e_f = f - f_m \quad ( )$$

$$\varepsilon_M = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^m (\bar{M}^T \psi_i)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n \bar{M}_i} \quad ( )$$

$$\bar{M}_i = \sum_{j=1}^n M_{ij} \quad ( )$$

$$\varepsilon_{disp} = \left[ \left( \sum_{i=1}^N \left| \frac{U_i - \bar{U}_i}{U_i} \right| \right) / N \right] \times 100 \quad ( )$$

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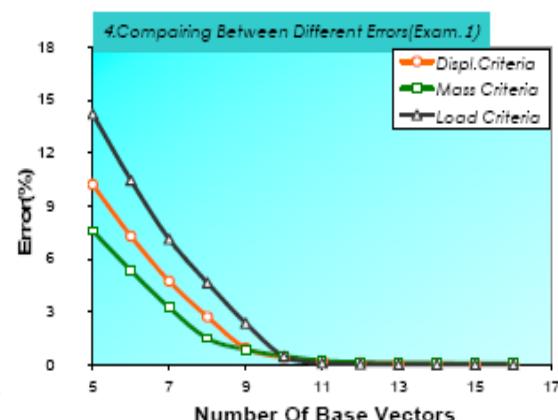
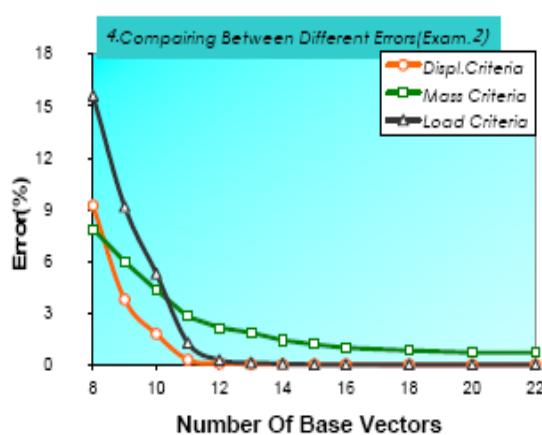
ابعاد زیر فضا	خطای معیار تغییر مکانی %	خطای معیار بارگذاری %	خطای معیار جرم %
۵	۱۰.۲۱	۱۶.۲۱	۷.۵۹
۶	۷.۲۸	۱۰.۸۴	۵.۳۳
۷	۵.۷۳	۷.۱۳	۳.۲۶
۸	۵.۷۱	۵.۶۶	۱.۸۹
۹	۵.۹۶	۵.۳۵	۵.۸۵
۱۰	۵.۸۱	۵.۴۷	۵.۴۹
۱۱	۵.۱۹	۵.۰۹	۵.۲۳
۱۲	۵.۱	۵.۰۳	۵.۱۳
۱۳	۵.۸	*	۵.۱
۱۴	۵.۶	*	۵.۰۱
۱۵	۵.۰۳	*	۵.۰۷
۱۶	۵.۰۳	*	۵.۰۷

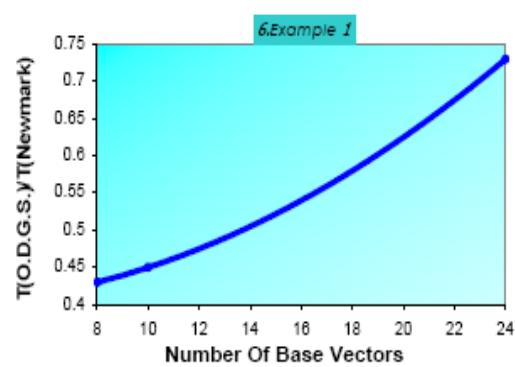
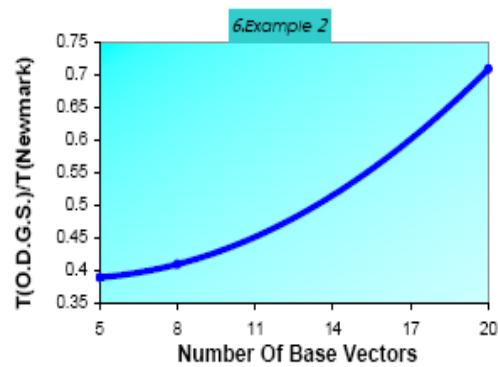
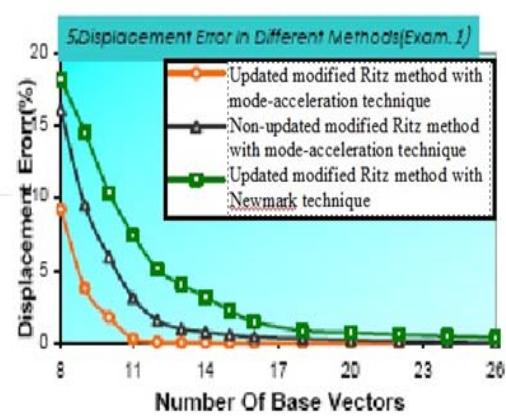
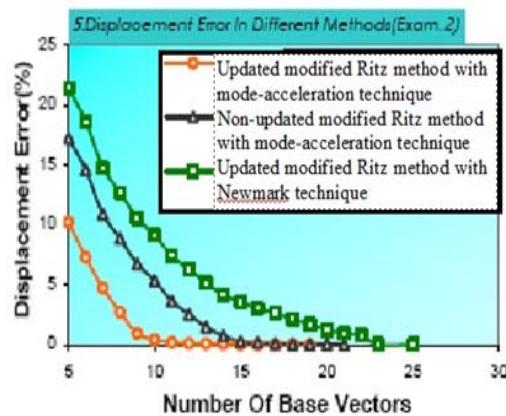
ابعاد زیر فضا	خطای معیار تغییر مکانی %	خطای معیار بارگذاری %	خطای معیار جرم %
۱	۹.۲۳	۱۵.۶۱	۷.۸۸
۲	۳.۷۸	۹.۱۷	۵.۹۷
۳	۱.۷۸	۴.۳۹	۳.۳۳
۴	۰.۲۹	۱.۲۷	۱.۷۸
۵	۰.۱۷	۰.۱۷	۰.۱۷
۶	۰.۱۳	۰.۱۱	۰.۱۵
۷	۰.۱۱	۰.۱۵	۰.۱۱
۸	۰.۱۰۵	*	۰.۱۷
۹	۰.۱۰۳	*	۰.۱۳
۱۰	۰.۱۰۳	*	۰.۱۷

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ابعاد زیرفضا	روش پیشنهادی به هنگام شده	روش پیشنهادی به هنگام نشده	روش پیشنهادی مرجع
5	10.21	17.26	21.75
6	7.24	16.62	14.65
7	5.73	10.89	15.1
8	2.71	4.45	12.73
9	1.98	6.78	10.56
10	1.81	4.33	9.13
11	1.19	3.64	7.73
12	1.1	2.52	6.24
13	1.04	1.74	5.17
14	1.06	1.78	5.15
15	1.04	1.75	5.05
16	1.08	1.17	3.01
17	1.03	1.09	2.85
18	1.01	1.07	2.13
19	-	1.05	1.99
20	-	1.03	1.75
21	-	1.01	1.98
22	-	-	1.76

ابعاد زیرفضا	روش پیشنهادی به هنگام شده	روش پیشنهادی به هنگام نشده	روش پیشنهادی مرجع
1	9.23	16.11	18.23
9	3.78	9.52	14.56
10	1.78	5.93	10.41
11	1.49	3.12	7.45
12	1.17	1.56	5.11
13	1.03	0.97	4.04
14	1.01	0.75	3.17
15	1.008	0.57	2.25
16	1.003	0.52	1.46
17	1.002	0.39	0.84
18	1.002	0.19	0.71
22	1.002	0.13	0.59
23	-	0.17	0.48
26	-	0.12	0.39





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$$\psi_1 = \psi_1^* / \|\psi_1^*\|_M$$
$$\|\psi_1^*\|_M = (\psi_1^{*T} M \psi_1^*)^{1/2}$$
$$(i=2, \dots, m) :$$

$$a_{i-1} = \psi_{i-1}^T M U_{i-1}$$

$$U_i = U_{i-1} - a_{i-1} \psi_{i-1}$$

$$K \psi_i^* = M U_i$$

$$(j=1, \dots, i-1) : ($$
  
$$C_j = \psi_j^T M \psi_i^{*(j)}$$

$$K U_1 = f(s)$$

$$K \psi_1^* = M U_1$$

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$\rho(\Lambda_{nl0}) =  \lambda_n $ $\tau = \tau / \rho$ $\cdot$	$-$	$\psi_i^{*(j+1)} = \psi_i^{*(j)} - C_j \psi_j$ $\vdots$ $\psi_i^* = \psi_i^* / \ \psi_i^*\ _M$ $\ \psi_i^*\ _M = (\psi_i^{*T} M \psi_i^*)^{1/2}$ $\vdots$
$(\Lambda_{nl0})$ $\overline{\Lambda}_{nl} - \Lambda_{nl}$ $\kappa_{ij}^{nli} = \frac{-\frac{\tau^2}{4} \psi_i^T K_0 \psi_j - \frac{\tau}{2} \psi_i^T C \psi_j}{1 + \frac{\tau^2}{4} \psi_i^T K_1 \psi_i + \frac{\tau}{2} \psi_i^T C \psi_i} \quad i \neq j$ $\kappa_{ij}^{nli} = 0 \quad i = j$ $\bar{\kappa}_{ij}^{nli} = \frac{-\frac{\tau^2}{4} \psi_i^T K_0 \psi_j + \frac{\tau}{2} \psi_i^T C \psi_j}{1 + \frac{\tau^2}{4} \psi_i^T K_1 \psi_i + \frac{\tau}{2} \psi_i^T C \psi_i} \quad i \neq j$ $\bar{\kappa}_{ij}^{nli} = 0 \quad i = j$	$)$ $\varepsilon_f = \frac{ f^T e_f }{f^T f_m}$ $e_f = f - f_m$ $f_m = \sum_{i=1}^m (f^T M \psi_i) \psi_i$ $\varepsilon_M = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^m (\bar{M}^T \psi_i)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n \bar{M}_i}$ $\bar{M}_i = \sum_{i=1}^n M_{ij}$	$\circ$ $\circ$ $-$

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$Y_1^{(0)} = \bar{\bar{Y}}_1$ $Y_1^{(i+1)} = \bar{\bar{Y}}_1 + \Lambda_{nl} Y_1^{(i)} + \overline{\Lambda}_{nl} Y_0$ $\Delta Y_1 = Y_1 - Y_0$ $\Delta \dot{Y}_1 = \frac{2}{\tau} \Delta Y_1 - 2 \dot{Y}_0$ $\ddot{Y}_1 = \tilde{F}_1 - \tilde{C}_v (\dot{Y}_0 + \Delta \dot{Y}_1) - \tilde{K}_{lv} Y_1$ $U_1 = U_0 + \Psi \Delta Y_1$ $\dot{U}_1 = \dot{U}_0 + \Psi \Delta \dot{Y}_1$ $\ddot{U}_1 = \Psi \ddot{Y}_1$	$\Lambda_{nl0}$	$\Psi = [\psi_1, \dots, \psi_m]_{n \times m}$ $\tilde{M} = \Psi^T M \Psi = I$ $\tilde{C}_v(i) = \psi_i^T C \psi_i \quad i = 1 \text{ to } m$ $\tilde{K}_{0v}(i) = \psi_i^{T0} K_0 \psi_i \quad i = 1 \text{ to } m$ ${}^0 \tilde{K} = \Psi^T K_0 \Psi$ $\tilde{F}_0 = \Psi^T F_0 \quad , \quad \tilde{F}_1 = \Psi^T F_1$ $Y_0 = \Psi^T M U_0$ $\dot{Y}_0 = \Psi^T M \dot{U}_0$ $\ddot{Y}_0 = \tilde{F}_0 - \tilde{C}_v \dot{Y}_0 - \tilde{K}_v Y_0$
$\tilde{\Pi}_0 = \frac{1}{2} Y_1^{T0} \tilde{K} Y_1$ $\tilde{\Pi}_i = \frac{1}{2} Y_1^{Ti} \tilde{K} Y_1$	$\kappa_{ij}^{nli} = \frac{-\frac{\tau^2}{4} \psi_i^T K_0 \psi_j - \frac{\tau}{2} \psi_i^T C \psi_j}{1 + \frac{\tau^2}{4} \psi_i^T K_1 \psi_i + \frac{\tau}{2} \psi_i^T C \psi_i} \quad i \neq j$ $\kappa_{ij}^{nli} = 0 \quad i = j$	$\Lambda_{nl0}$

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$$\left|1 - \frac{\tilde{\Pi}_0}{\tilde{\Pi}_i}\right| > \varepsilon$$

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- 1- Ritz Vectors
  - 2 - Mode-Acceleration Method
  - 3 - Decoupling
  - 4 - Stability and convergence of method
  - 5 - Incompatibility