(/ / : // :) / × () (P< / P< /)

E-mail: harzani@ut.ac.ir : *

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                                        )
( ) ( )
                                        (
(Canopy cover)
(Basal cover) (Foliage cover)
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) $N = \frac{t^2 \left(s\overline{x}/\frac{y}{\overline{x}}\right)^2}{p^2}$ () () $A gropyron\ trichophorum$ () Festuca ovina Bromus tomentellus

Artemisia sieberi-Besser

SPSS

		() .
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opyron ti	richophorum	
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		•
	Bromus tomentellus	
	()	
	•	(Grasses) Bromus Agropyron trichophorum
		Bromus Agropyron trichophorum Hordeum Festuca ovina tomentellus
		.Stipa barbata Poa bulbosa bulbosum (Forbs)
		Iris songarica Astragalus cyclophyllon
		.Silene arbuscula
		(Shrubs) Eurotia ceratoides Artemisia sieberi
		.Salsola rigida Noaea mucronata
		()
		()
)	Festuca ovina	
	(•

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Silene arbuscula
                                                             Hordeum bulbosum
                       Artemisia sieberi
                                                         Poa bulbosa (
                 Eurotia ceratoides
                                                                  Stipa barbata
                                                              Astragalus cyclophyllon
Noaea mucronata
                                                      Iris songarica
                     Salsola rigida
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		Agropyrom	trichophoru	Bromus	tomentellus		r estuca ovina	Hordeum	pulbosum		roa bulbosa		Supa barbata	Astragalus	cyclophyllon	Luis concention	Iris songurica	Silene	arbuscula	Artemisia	sieberi	Eurotia	ceratoides	Noaea	mucronata		Salsola rigida
		X ₂	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X ₃	X ₂	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X ₃	X ₂	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X_3	X ₂	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X ₃	X ₂	X ₃	\mathbf{X}_2	X_3	\mathbf{X}_2	X_3
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	(SE)	(\mathbf{R}^2)		
$Y = -1/15 + 4/25 X_2$ $Y = 17/7 + 0/03 X_3$	<i>I I</i>	<i>I</i>	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Agropyron trichophor
Y= 11/85+1/7 X ₂ Y= 13/72+0/02X ₃	<i>I I</i>	<i>l</i>	X ₂ X ₃	Bromus tomentellu
Y=10/47+/94 X ₂ Y=17/5+/008 X ₃	1	1	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Festuca ovina
Y= 3/32+2/89X ₂ Y= 19/71+0/018X ₃	<i>I I</i>	<i>l</i>	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Hordeum bulbosum
$Y = 4/3 + 1/01X_2$ $Y = 3/05 + 0/025X_3$	<i>I I</i>	<i>l</i>	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Poa bulbosa
$Y = -1/15 + 4/25 X_2$ $Y = 17/7 + 0/03 X_3$	<i>I I</i>	<i>l</i>	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Stipa barbata
Y= 2/11+0/045 X3	1	1	X_3	Asteragalus cyclophyllon
Y=-11/86+8/24X ₂ Y=-5/67+/041X3	<i>I I</i>	<i>l</i>	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Iris songarica
$Y = -2/34 + .08X_3$	1	1	X_3	Silene arbuscula
$Y = 3/38 + 4/9X_2$ $Y = 1/78 + 0/023X_3$	<i>I I</i>	1	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Artemisia sieberi
Y=51/36+0/097 X ₃	1	1	X_3	Eurotia ceratoides
Y=-20/4+/036x3	1	1	X_3	Noaea mucronata
$Y = 0/21 + 8/29 X_2$ $Y = 0/29 + 0/27X_3$	<i>I I</i>	<i>l</i>	$egin{array}{c} X_2 \ X_3 \end{array}$	Salsola rigida

 $:X_3$ $:X_2$ $:X_1$

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Relationships between canopy cover, foliage cover and basal cover with production

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Abstract

Determination of range grazing capacity is one of the most fundamental aspect of range management and understanding the effective factors on grazing capacity is an important issue. Grazing capacity is determined on forage production during the growth period. The objective of this study was investigation of relationships among canopy cover, foliage cover and basal cover with production. Three vegetative communities including 1-Grass-Shrubland, 2-Grassland and 3- Shrubland with 10 vegetation types were selected in Semirom, Isfahan province and Nadoshan and Nire in Yazd province. In each vegetation type 30 plots having 1.5×2 meter quadrats, were randomly established. After recording the species in each quadrat, canopy cover of palatable species was determined by using ruler. Basal cover and foliage cover were also measured using a point frame in qudrats. Grasses were clipped at height of 1cm above ground and current growth of shrubs were clipped for dry weight determination. Regression analysis was carried out between basal cover, foliage cover and canopy cover as independent variables and production as dependent variable for each species. According to the results, canopy cover of all species and foliage cover of most species had highly significant correlation with production (p<0.05 or p< 0.01). However no significant correlation was found between basal cover and production due to small number of point touches with this type of cover.

Keywords: Grazing capacity, Canopy cover, Foliage cover, Basal area, Production